Senate Unit Seeks Data On Bugging

By Margaret Gentry

A Senate committee is demanding reams of secret information or Justice Department typesdropping practices for

The Past six years.

The Senate Permanent Internigations Subcommittee is ecking details far more extensive than the department has ever made public about the wiretapping and bugging overations of the FBI.

operations of the FBL.

The request has set off descrimental debate over what aformation should be discussed, what should be withheld and what should be probable deminitee keep it selected only on the condition

The subcommittee, headed speed Henry M. Jackson (Deash'); sent an 11-page questionaire Jan. 8 to scores of or friment agencies with inestigative functions, The Justice Department is one of the

eckson said at the time, we must start by identifying, duting and eliminating all traditions by the government it.-It The civil liberties of all in citizens are at stake."

The committee and the department have not disclosed the content of the questionaire, but a copy was obtained by The Associated Press.

The 11 bage document asks for the names of all targets of ouretapping, bugging or other avesdropping from Jan. 1, 1963, to the present. It asks for the dates of all attempted and actual eavesdropping and Jor the names, addresses and vocations of all persons whose conversations were overheard. The subcommittee demands of the preuise legal authority warranting such activity" in each case and also asks if the eavesdropping was conducted for criminal law enforcement, national security or other specific purposes.

The questionnaire asks who authorized each eavesdropping incident and what legal authority he had.

It also asks for the number of department employees trained in monitoring, wire-tapping, eavesdropping, any other interception activity. Irom Jan. 1, 1965, to Dec. 31, 1973, and the number actually engaged in eavesdropping activities at given points during that period.